

Activity 18 Assessment

Applying the Order of Operations with Decimals

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<p>Uses a variety of strategies to evaluate decimal expressions with one operation</p> <p>2.5×0.6</p> <p>I used partial products. $2 \times 0.6 = 1.2$ $0.5 \times 0.6 = 0.3$</p> <p>So, $2.5 \times 0.6 = 1.2 + 0.3 = 1.5$</p>	<p>Applies the order of operations to decimal expressions with more than one operation</p> <p>$2.5 \times 0.6 + 1.4 \div 0.2$</p> <p>There are no brackets, so multiply and divide, in order, from left to right. $2.5 \times 0.6 = 1.5$ $1.4 \div 0.2 = 7$</p> <p>Then, add: $1.5 + 7 = 8.5$</p>	<p>Uses the order of operations to solve multi-step problems</p> <p>If a small smoothie costs \$4.75 and large smoothie costs \$7.25, how much would 5 small smoothies and 2 large smoothies cost?</p> <p>The total cost would be: $5 \times 4.75 + 2 \times 7.25$</p> <p>I applied the order of operations. $5 \times 4.75 = 23.75$ $2 \times 7.25 = 14.5$ $23.75 + 14.5 = 38.25$</p> <p>The total cost would be \$38.25.</p>	<p>Applies properties of operations to analyze a multi-step problem</p> <p>Put brackets in the expression to get the greatest answer. $3 \times 2.8 + 6.4 \div 4$</p> <p>Division by 4 will make the answer smaller. So, I need to multiply by a larger number. Try $3 \times (2.8 + 6.4 \div 4)$. $3 \times (2.8 + 1.6) = 3 \times 4.4 = 13.2$</p>
Observations/Documentation			