Activity 5 Assessment

Consolidation

Investigating Geometric Attributes of 2-D Shapes						
Recognizes and names familiar 2-D shapes "The top of my desk has the shape of a rectangle."	Groups shapes that share the same geometric attributes	Analyzes geometric attributes of 2-D shapes (e.g., number and length of sides, number of vertices)				
	"The first three shapes all have 5 sides, so they are pentagons. The last shape doesn't belong. It has 6 sides."	"The first two are irregular pentagons as not all sides are equal. The third one is regular because all sides are equal."				
Observations/Documentation						

Activity 5 Assessment

Consolidation

Investigating Geometric Attributes of 2-D Shapes (con't) Uses attributes to compare and sort shapes Uses attributes to name shapes in different ways Sorts, classifies, and names shapes flexibly using geometric attributes Is a pentagon Has a right angle Is a regular polygon Is a parallelogram "A rectangle can also be called a parallelogram because it has 2 pairs of parallel sides." "I need a shape with 5 sides and at least one right angle to go in the overlap." "The sorting rule could be 'Is a regular polygon and is a parallelogram." **Observations/Documentation**

Activity 5 Assessment

Consolidation

Composing and Decomposing 2-D Shapes				
Constructs composite shape using copies of the same Pattern Block	Constructs composite shape from Pattern Blocks in more than one way	Completes a picture outline with Pattern Blocks	Constructs composite shapes in many ways by decomposing shapes and rearranging parts	
"I can use 4 triangles to make a parallelogram."	"I can also use 2 triangles and a rhombus to make a parallelogram."			
		"I used 10 blocks to cover the outline. I tried to use a variety of blocks."	"I traded 3 blue blocks for a yellow block, and 2 red blocks for a yellow block. I was able to cover the outline using only 7 blocks. When I use only green blocks, it takes 22 blocks."	
Observations/Documentation				