Activity 6 Assessment Patterns and Relations Consolidation

Generalizing and Representing Patterns				
Recognizes that a pattern can repeat, increase, or decrease.	Identifies how a pattern changes and describes the pattern rule. $\overbrace{1}^{} \qquad \overbrace{2}^{} \qquad \overbrace{3}^{} \qquad \overbrace{3}^{}$ "The pattern rule is: Start with 1 hexagon and 6 triangles. Add one hexagon and 6 triangles each time."	Represents patterns using a table or chart. $\boxed{\frac{\text{Term}}{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{\text{Number of}}{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{2} 1$	Represents patterns symbolically and writes the pattern rule. 7, 14, 21 "The number of blocks in each term increases by 7 because each flower has 7 blocks. Term 3: 7 + 7 + 7 = 21."	
Observations/Documentatio	n			

Patterning and Algebra

Activity 6 Assessment Patterns and Relations Consolidation

Sorting in Venn and Carroll Diagrams					
Identifies and describes a sorting rule for numbers shown in a Venn diagram. Numbers Divisible by 10 Numbers Less Than 200	Creates a Venn diagram to represent and describe number pattern relationships.	Completes a Carroll diagram to solve a problem about number pattern relationships. Where would you put 135, 304, 14, 512, 21, 28 in the Carroll diagram? Digits add up to 8 or less 2 digits 62, 70, 51, 14, 21 Not 2 digits 123, 206, 421, 804, 512 248, 372, 567, 135	Fluently and flexibly identifies, describes, and solves a problem using charts or diagrams. $\underbrace{\frac{\text{Odd numbers}}{\text{Not odd numbers}}} = \underbrace{\frac{\text{Odd numbers}}{12, 99, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9$		
Observations/Documentatio	numbers that are even. The outer numbers are not 3-digit numbers." n				