

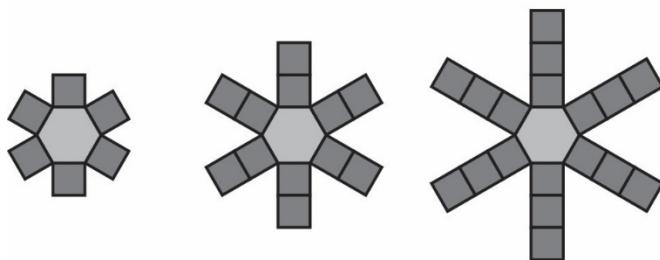
Brightening Sun
and Decreasing Heat

Brightening Sun

This model shows the brightness of the Sun for the first 3 minutes after its release. Each square represents 1 unit of brightness. The hexagon has a unit of brightness of 3.



1 min 2 min 3 min



1. Complete the table.

Number of minutes since Sun was released	Number of units of brightness
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
10	

2. What is the relationship between the number of squares (units of brightness) and the number of minutes since Sun was released?

3. Write an equation to represent the relationship.

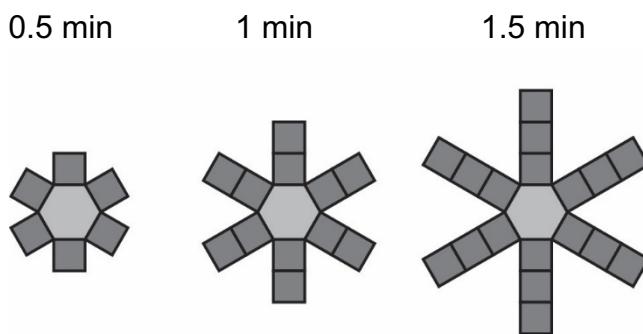
Brightening Sun and Decreasing Heat (cont'd)

4. What represents the constant in the model?
What represents the constant in your equation?

5. Describe what the model would look like when Sun was released (at 0 min)?

6. Use your equation to determine the number of units of brightness
16 min after Sun was released.

7. How would your equation change if each term in the model represented 0.5 min
instead of 1 min?



**Brightening Sun
and Decreasing Heat (cont'd)****Decreasing Heat**

When Sun was taken, the temperature on Earth began to drop.
The average temperature on Earth is 15°C.

- Suppose the temperature drops 3.75°C every 1.5 h.
Complete the table to show the temperature after each number of hours.

Number of hours since Sun was taken	Temperature (°C)
0	15
1.5	
3	
4.5	
6	
9	

- What is the relationship between the temperature and the number of hours after Sun was taken?
- Write an equation to represent the relationship.
- Use your equation to predict the temperature for each number of hours after Sun was taken.
 - 5 h
 - 24 h
- How long would it take for the temperature to reach the freezing point, 0°C?