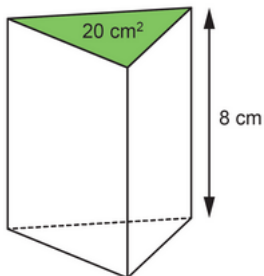


# Lesson 7 Assessment

## Determining the Volume of Cylinders

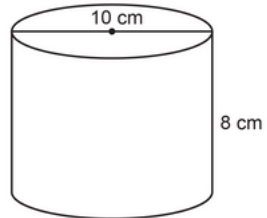
### Determining the Volume of Prisms and Cylinders

Understands that the volume of a right prism is the area of its base times height



The volume of the right triangular prism is  
 $20 \text{ cm} \times 8 \text{ cm} = 160 \text{ cm}^3$ .

Determines the volume of a right cylinder



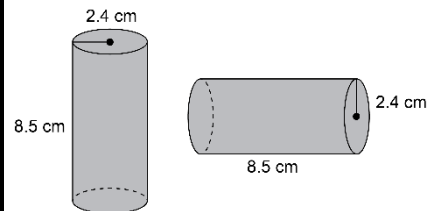
area of base:  
 $\pi \times r^2 \approx 3.14 \times 5^2$   
 $= 78.5$

The area of the base is  
 about  $78.5 \text{ cm}^2$ .

Volume:  
 $A \times h \approx 78.5 \times 8$   
 $= 628$

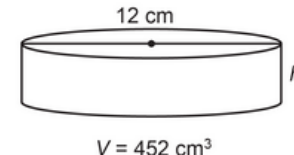
The volume is about  $628 \text{ cm}^3$ .

Understands that orientation of a right prism or right cylinder does not affect its volume



The cylinders have the same volume  
 because they have the same radius  
 and height.

Determines a missing dimension of a right prism or right cylinder



What is the approximate height of  
 the cylinder?

Volume:

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$452 \approx 3.14 \times 6^2 \times h$$

$$452 = 113.04 \times h$$

$$h = 452 \div 113.04$$

$$h \approx 4$$

The height is about 4 cm.

### Observations/Documentation