

Writing Experimental Probabilities

Identifies and counts the desired outcomes in a probability experiment	Represents a probability as a fraction	Converts a fraction to a decimal	Expresses a probability as a percent, and a ratio																				
Tossing two heads	As a fraction, the experimental probability of H, H is three out of line, or $\frac{3}{9}$.	$\frac{3}{9}$ is the same as $\frac{1}{3}$, which is 0.333 3...	$\frac{1}{3} = 0.333... \approx 33\% \approx 1 : 3$																				
<table><tr><th>Trial</th><th>Outcome</th></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>T, T</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>H, H</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>T, T</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>H, H</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>T, T</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>T, T</td></tr><tr><td>7</td><td>H, T</td></tr><tr><td>8</td><td>H, H</td></tr><tr><td>9</td><td>T, H</td></tr></table>	Trial	Outcome	1	T, T	2	H, H	3	T, T	4	H, H	5	T, T	6	T, T	7	H, T	8	H, H	9	T, H		As a decimal, the experimental probability of H, H is approximately 0.333 or $0.\overline{3}$.	As a percent, the experimental probability of H, H is approximately 33%.
Trial	Outcome																						
1	T, T																						
2	H, H																						
3	T, T																						
4	H, H																						
5	T, T																						
6	T, T																						
7	H, T																						
8	H, H																						
9	T, H																						
The outcome H, H occurred 3 times.			As a ratio, the experimental probability of H, H is 3:9 = 1:3.																				

Observations/Documentation

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